shall in any way interfere with any lawful supervision and control of electric light and power companies, their electric conductors, appliances, machinery and poles by the municipality within which such companies are doing business, or by the officers of such municipality, nor shall anything in this section interfere with any right now existing in the councils of any municipality to pass ordinances relating to and regulating such electric light and power companies. Any person or persons found guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be imprisoned not exceeding six months or fined not exceeding five hundred dollars, or both or either, in the discretion of the court.

1904, art. 27, sec. 84. 1902, ch. 153, sec. 59C.

92. Any person who shall wilfully or maliciously take or remove the waste, packing or journal brass from any journal box or boxes of any locomotive engine, tender, carriage, coach, caboose or truck used or operated upon any railroad, whether the same be operated by steam or electricity, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not more than three months, or in the discretion of the court may be both fined and imprisoned, as aforesaid.

Ibid. sec. 85. 1888, art. 27, sec. 60. 1870, ch. 376, sec. 1.

93. Any baggage master, express agent, stage driver, hackman or other person whose duty it shall be to handle, remove or take care of baggage with a view to, or in course of its receipt, transportation or delivery, who shall wilfully or recklessly injure or destroy any trunk, valise, box, package or parcel while handling, loading, transporting, unloading, delivering or storing the same, shall be punished by a fine or penalty not exceeding fifty dollars, to be recovered by indictment or by action of debt in the name of the State, in the usual way; one-half for the benefit of the informer.

Ibid. sec. 86. 1888, art. 27, sec. 61. 1870, ch. 376, sec. 2.

94. Nothing in the preceding section shall affect the civil liability of the party so offending or his principal for damages; but in all civil actions therefor, as well as in all proceedings to impose or recover the fine or penalty provided by said section, proof of injury shall be prima facie evidence of the recklessness or wilfulness therein provided for.

As to "Oruelty to Animals," see article 27, section 63, et seq.

Ibid. sec. 87. 1888, art. 27, sec. 62. 1874, ch. 376, sec. 1.

95. The concealment, defacement or erasure of the owner's name, by any mode whatever, without his consent, from any peach or other fruit basket, box or crate shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and on conviction before a justice of the peace in the county or the city of Baltimore where the offense was committed the party offending shall be required to make restitution to the owner of the basket, box or crate in